(Special telegram to the Dispatch.) INDIANAPOLIS, IND., January 14.—Colonel L. T. McCue, of the Virginia delegation, was left behind Saturday as a sort of rear guard to cover whatever might turn up inguard to cover whatever might turn up in-finical to Matione's interest. It was a very prudent precaution, as John S. Wise, un-heraided nod apparently unexpected, arrived vesterday morning and dined at noon with General Harrison. McCue is not in very good humor over it, and says he will stay now until Wise goes. He says that Wise has no political interest in Virginia, having removed to New York, and that he has no right to speak for the Old Dominion. He says that Mahone is preparing for a wonderful military demonstration on the 4th of March by Confederate soldiery that will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted at an in-

, after his visit to Harrison, was taken Wise, after his visit to trarrison, was taken in hand by the Hon. G. W. Calkins, with whom he supped and spent the evening.
Wise says there is nothing in his visit. He was at Akron, Ohlo, on business, and simply come over to pay his respects to the President-elect. Nothody believes this, how-ever, here, for while he disclaims any pur-ever, here, for while he disclaims any pur-pose of having made any anti-Mahone de-monstration to General Harrison, yet he pro-ceeded to read off his bill of indictment ainst Mahone afterwards. He denounces sentiment of Mahone managers that Ma hone is the only Republican in Vilginia worthy of recognition, and says that in his (Mahone's) district the Republican vote was reduced at the recent election, while the anti-Mahone element greatly increased the Republican vote of four years ago. If Ma-hone and his followers had done their duty faithfully Virginia would have gone for Harrison.

Wise and McCue Have a Conciliatory Conversation. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

INDIANOPOLIS, IND., January 14.—John S. Wise and the Virginia statesmen seem to have finally left to give place to other hungry bordes that are daily sweeping down poon the President-elect. Before Wise departed he had a short talk with Colonel Well, John, I reckon you have come to

No," replied Wise, " when I left Virginia, McCue, 1 grounded arms."
"Joun," said Colonel McCue, "you left a few orphans down in Virginia. They are straggling around in the old State and they not got any father and mother.

"Getting lonesome, are they, McCue? Haven't got any leader? Well, that's too had. Say, McCue, did the old man say any thing against me when you saw him last?"
"Yes, John," he spoke about you, but he didn't say anything against you. He's a

great old man."
"McCue, I haven't anything again-thim."

It may not be plain to general readers that in this little conclinatory conversation between Captain Wise and Colonel McCue the orphans referred to were the political fol-owers of Wise and the "Old Man" is Ma-

WANTED IT KEPT QUIET, But Managed to Get His Presence Advertised.

The New York Sun's special in descri-bing John S. Wise's visit to Indianapolis

With the New York situation piling in upon him by every train General Harrison bas not yet got the Virginia question off his has not verget the virginia question of a pands. Among the first to get into town his morning was a fat little man with a fierce mang, who wrote "John S. Wisc, New York," in a very distinct hand, at the cap of the page in the hotel register, and made an exaggerated exhibition of ety that his visit be tept quiet, even asked the hotel clerks as a be even asked the hotel clerks as a becall favor not to let any one know e was in town. These and similar undeavors to attract attention quickly made he fact known about the hotels that Manut to werry the Republican They called it a breech of faith for him to

Wise, on his part, denies that he made any such agreement, and while admitting that he now lives in New York and has nothing more to do with Virginia and no interest there, expressed binself in the bitterest terms as to General Mahone.

"General Mahone," he said, "is an elegist gestleman, and a very brilliant man, but he is too much of a Mahone man. He thinks that there is nobody in Virginia but Mahene, when, as a matter of fact, several other able and intelligent men live in that State. His dominiering spirit has made it impossible for self-respecting men to train under him, and that's what's the matter with the Republican party in Virginia."

Mr. Wise gave figures from several districts which he insisted showed that where Mahone's power was the most unquestioned the losses of the Republican party were heaviest. He wanted it printed, however, that he had not come here to stab Mahone in

that he had not come here to stab Mahous in the back, but that he was in Akron, Ohio, stiending to a case there, and having Sunday on his hands had run ever here to see Gene-ral Harrison. He called at General Harri-son's house just as the family were suting down to lunch, and after a few minutes' con-versation with Mr. Harrison was asked to join the family at the meal. When this was over he came away, and whatever he had to eay against Mahone must have been put

touched upon the Virginia question, and General Harrison manifested no desire to hear him upon the subject. Friends of the President-elect say that Wise's visit here under such eircumstances will be apt to do Ma-hone more good than harm. Others intimate that Wise has nehteved his object in any event,

that Wise has achieved his object in any event, as he came here only to advertise himself, and did not care if General Harrison heard what he had to say against Mahone or not.

Colonel McCue, one of the Mahone Virginians, watching Wise go off in a side room with a couple of reporters, said, with an inimitable southern drawl: "Wal, naw, I reeson John's goin' to get hisself interviewed. I tell you, you want to look out for someptin to bust now; thar's goin' to be an explosion, shuah, sab. You'll see a regiah Vesnvius heah pretty soon, when John gets goin'."

Colonel McCue is anxious to have it un-derstood that the Virginians, no matter what ther said yesterday, are not demanding any place or any promises from General Harri-ron. All they want is to make him see that if any southern man at all goes into the Cabinet, that man ought to be Mahone.

WEST VIRGINIA'S MUDDLE. Haunwha County's Certificates for Governor in the House-Republi-

can Chaff, Taffy, and Filibus. tering in the Senate.

[Special tologram to the Dispatch.]
Charleston, W. Va., January 14.—At
this more the's session of the House Secretary-of-state Walker transmitted the certificates
of the Kanawha county commissioners
giving the vote on Governor, after which to
body adjourned until to-morrow morning at
11 of slock.

In the Senate, after the usual preliminaries,

the regular order of proceeding, being the election of a president, was taken up, the ballot resulting in Carr's receiving 9 votes; Miner, 7 votes; Price, 2 votes; Maxwell, 2 votes, and Messis, Scott, Van Peit, McAllister, Morris, Davis, and Campbell, 1 vote

was made Senator Oxley offered a resolution,

As soon as the announcement of the vocwas made Senator Oxley offered a resolution,
the reading of which was interrupted by a
message that the election returns were all before the House, including the returns from
Kanascha county, and thereupon Senator
Scott moved to adjourn until to-morrow at
10 o'clock. This motion was after some arsument decided out of order, inasmuch as
Senator Oxley yet had the floor.

Motions to postpone the reading of the
resetution, claims that it was out of order,
and every movement that would tend to delay matters were resorted to, but the Chair
nointaining that he could not decide whether or not the resolution was in order until
it had been read, directed its reading. It
sets forth that whereas it had been stated
upon the Republican side that the reason for
non-organization of the Senate was caused
by the then pending election cases, and that
inasmuch as the matter had been decided,
and, further, it had been claimed on the Republican side that it was occasioned by the
removal aspirations of the said seven senaer, it had been claimed on the Redde tost it was occasioned by the spirations of the said seven sensDr. Buil's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

tors, that it be decided that the Senate pro-ceed to the election of seven presidents, who shall divide the time of acting as President of the Senate, excepting Senator Morris, who shall in that espacity serve ten days, his term to begin at once in order to give a needed cest to hisself and

rest to himself and bearers.

Amid considerable merriment it was ruled that the resolution was out of order.

The usual skirmissing for an adjournment and recess by the Republican members was indulged in, in each case resulting in defeat. Senstor Morris is the leader in the Repub-

lican filibustering, and Senator Oxley's reference to him was highly appreciated by the Democratic members.

Another ballot was ordered. When the name of Senator Oxley was called in expla-nation of his vote he said be was at a loss to inderstand why it was that the poke of how it had been said by tepublicans that Senator Carr would be

lected president and referred to how be Democrats, by their voice and vote, had endeavored to bring this about. He touched upon how chesp flattery and taffy had become in the case of Mr. Minear, citing that when Mr. Minear had received thirteen votes how he had voted for him, and how then the changes had come thick and fast upon e Republican side. In reply Senstor oft stated that it was his opinion that orpiedged himself to do all in his power to that

Another bailot was taken, and the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

Continued Until Monday-Under Military Guard.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., Jan. 14, 1889.
The Corporation Court-Judge R. T. W.
Duke presiding-convened this morning, and the special grand jury which had been summoned for this term brought in the following true bills: One against William Musco atlas William Thomas Jordan, for the murder of Police-Officer Seal, of this place, on the night of December 31, 1838; ten against A. S. Glesson for misdemeanor in selling liquor to minors, and five cases against Mrs. Hase for the same offence. Muscoe's case came up to-day, and he was brought up from prison in charge of Jailer

Martin and two pollcemen. The court-room and galleries were crowded to their utmost capacity. The officers, with their prisioner, had to push their way through the dense crowd. The prisoner all during the time he was in the court-room had a very hold and unconcerned appear-ance, and when he was arraigned answered, in cicar tones, "Not guilty," James H. Hayes, a colored lawyer from Richmond, is here on the defence, and when the case was called up he asked for more time to preondsy next. The excitement here over the case has sub-

sided considerably, but the feeling is still such that the authorities deem it best to place a strong guard at the jail to protect he prisoner.

A detachment of forty of the city's mill-

tary company was stationed at the fall both esturday and Sunday nights, and will be on duty every night until the trial is over, uncess the prisoner is taken back to Richmond Musco while in fail acts very unlike a man

who has such a heavy charge hanging over his head. He spent the best part of yesterday in dancing and singing all kinds of comic

NORFOLK AND VICINITY. Several Fires-The Navy-Yard-Per-

ndence of the Richmond Disputch I Nonrolk, VA., January 14, 1889.

partment of the place was powerless except to protect surrounding property. Both stock and building were totally destroyed. Johnson had his stock insured. The building belonged to Tapley Portlock and was insured. The fire was accidental, it is A fire in Portsmouth vesterday morning

A fire in Portsmouth yesterday morning damaged the wood yard buildings of Messrs. Oast & Brother, on Court street. Pilk Codd, a hose-cart driver, was thrown from his scat while going to the fire and badly hurt. A fire broke out in Norfolk city jail last night and created considerable consternation among the prisoners and excitement in the patiethershood. The fire was soon subthe neighborhood. The fire was soon sub-dued and not much damage resulted. The complement of new boats for the new

gunboat Petrel baving been completed all the ilders have been discharged from the navy-yerd. Israel White (colored), one of the oldest

newspaper pressmen in the State, and who had charge of the Landmark presses, died at his home on Brown-treet yesterday. He commenced to run presses in 1850. Police-Justice Baum and Chief-of-Police Rolland have commenced a bread-and-water diet treatment on the tramps and va-grants that constantly crowd the station-bone and fail

Captain Bixby and other officers of the United States Engineer Corps left for Eastrn North Carolina to-day on business con

cted with the improvements of waterways to that section.

The capsized ovster-sloop Theodore Hog-wood, in Nausemond river, has been righted and pumped out by the wreckers.

Rev. H. M. Wharton, D. D., of Baltimore, will remain in Portsmouth another week.

His meetings have been among the most sucssful ever held in that city. He lectured in Berkley on Saturday night.

(Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.)
POTOMAC, VA., January 14, 1889.
F. A. Meinteer, one of the most prominent business-men of this section, died yesterday at 10 A. M. He will be buried to-morrow at 10 A. M. He will be buried to-morrow at the old Dumfries churchyard. He leaves a wife and child. He was about forty years CORRESPONDENT.

The Indiana Legislature. [Hytelegraph to the Dispatch.]

Indianapoles, Ind., January 14.—The Legislaure convened later than usual to-day owing to the presence of the electoral college in the House. In the Scenate the Republican members, through Senator Johnson, submitted a formal written protest against the election of Presiding-Officer Coxe as the resident of the Senate while the Lieutenant-Governor was at the door. The protest re-cites the causes leading to the election of Senator Coxe and gives the history of the Senator Coxe and gives the history of the refusal of the majority to recognize the authority of Lieutenant-Governor Robertson during his entire term of office, which expired to-day. The protest was ordered spread upon the Journal.

In the House the legislative bill was taken up and passed. It appropriates \$125,000 for the salaries of members and employes and expanse of maintains the Legislative.

before a justice, swore out a posce warrant against Cunningham and his friends, and went with the party who served it and marched them to Logan Courthouse, where they are now in jul, and likely to remain for some time, as none of the people there are discovered to go on their bond. disposed to go on their bond.

Rattroad Ftends.

Ratiroad Fiends.
(Special telegram to the Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 14.—The passenger train from Atlanta on the Air-Line road came near meeting with a disastrous wreck on the bridge seroes the Seneca river, in South Carolina. Fiends had placed crossities in an upright position in the middle of the bridge between the stils. This would have thrown the entire train into the river had it not been for the fact that by some means the crossities fell to one side, and when the train came dashing along they only struck the steps of the care and scatched them from the train. Otherwise there was no damage done.

Will Benefit the Panama Caual Com-

(By Angio-American cane to the Impacts.)

PARIS, January 14.—The Senate to-day adopted twenty-four articles of the bank-ruptey bill, which, if it becomes a law, will enable the Panama Canal Company to judicially inquidate its obligations without declaring itself in bankruptey.

PEARSON'S HOPE.

TRYING TO SECURE : ENDORSEMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA REPUBLICANS.

The Young Republican Movement-A Pardon Revoked-The Old North State Legislature-Notes.

(Special telegram to the Dispatch.) RALEIGH, N. C., January 14.—Elchmond Pearson, of Asheville, who has been so ear-nestly endeavoring to secure the endorse-ment of the North Carolina Republicans for a Cabinet position, arrived here this after-doon. A cateus was called for to might of the Republicans in the Legislature. Your correspondent learns from Z. V. Walser, who is a leader of the Rudicals in the House that the object of the caucus is to endorse both Blaine and Sherman for the Cabinet. Waiser says he is leading the movement of younger Republicans to cut loose from the old Racicals who are entangled in all sorts of quarrels and autagonisms. He says he believes the young. Republicans will stand of quarrels and antagonisms. He says he believes the young Republicans will stand by him. He says that the endorsement of Mahone was a great piece of folly and is in-juring the Republicans in this State, even though it was so quickly rescluded. Pear-son, nevertheless, hopes to be able to get some encouragement from the caucus. Saturday Governor Scales issued a pardon to Joseph Leaman, a convict from Rowan

Saturday Governor Scales issued a pardon to Joseph Leaman, a convict from Rowan county. The application for pardon had long been on file. When the pardon was sent to the peritentiary it was found that Leaman had escaped quite a while ago. The pardon was at once revoked, and if Leaman is captured he will serve his full term. The prison authorities had not notified the Governor of his secare.

THE SENATE. The session of the Legislature was brief to-day. Among the bills introduced in the Senale was one to increase the salary of the \$2,000 and another to prevent the buying an selling of futures. Bilis were also introduced to enable magistrates to take bond in certain criminal cases and to extend the jurisdiction of magistrates.

A resolution was unanimously adopted asking the General Government to make a geological survey of the mineral deposits in Western and Central North Carolina. Another resolution was also adopted re-questing our members of Congress to secure the passage of such laws as will prevent trusts and combinations.

THE HOUSE. In the House an important bill was intro-

duced providing for working the public roads by taxation.

Among other bills introduced were one to establish a State normal school at Charleston Swain county, and another to sell the nearly-completed Governor's mansion. This last is introduced by an ex-Democrat named Amis, from Granville, and is for party capital. So is another till introduced by Trull, a stadical and ex-revenue officer, to raise a commit-tee to investigate sileged crucky to convicts at Red-Marble Gap, on the Western North

The committee reported unfavorably the bill in regard to the restoration of any convicted persons to citizenship, with the statement that under the law the Legislature had

no power to grant such restoration.

The House and Senate will meet in joint session to-morrow to count the vote for Gov-

ernor and State officers.

J. C. Parrish will not be sentenced in Wake Superior Court until to-morrow. He is making efforts to secure a new trial. Iola Hicks, a negro woman, will be ar-raigned to-morrow in this court for the mur-der of William Strickland, a white man. Friday night at a place near Red Banks, Robeson county, a mob of toughs attacked the house of a man named Harp. Many shots were fired, it appears. Mrs. Harp was instantic bills. Last night about 9 o'clock a fire broke out in Berkley in the furniture warehouse of B. A. Johnson, near the Corner House, and burned with such rapidity that the fire design of the same of the property of the same of the property of the same of the property of the prope is raising a large posse to pursue and cap-ture these desperate men. They live in a desperate neighborhood, in which twenty years ago the Henry Berry Lowery outlaws held high carnival.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE. The North Carolina Electoral College methers at noon. The following were present: State at large, A. M. Waddell and F. N. Strudwick; First district, George H. Brown, Strudwick; First district, George H. Brown, Jr.; Second, John E. Woodward; Thurd, C. B. Aycock; Fourth, E. W. Pou, Jr.; Fitth, J. H. Dobson; Sixth, S. J. Pemberton; Seventh, L. C. Caldwell; Eighth, T. M. I. Vance; Ninth, W. T. Crawford, F. N. Sirudwick was chosen president of the college and R. M. Furman secretary. The cath of office was administered by Chief-Justice Smith, E. W. Pou, Jr., was selected messenger to carry the result of the proceedings to Washington. A. M. Waddell placed in nomination for the presidency Grover Cleveland, of New York. Mr. Waddil's remarks were most eloquent and clietted appliance. Cleveland, received the placed in nomination Allen G. of Ohlo, for vice-president. Thurman also received the eleven votes and was declared the unanimous choice of the college. After signing the proper certificates the college

LTH. CONGRESS-SECOND SESSION.

Mr. Hoar introduced a concurrent resolu-tion for the counting of votes for President and Vice-President, which was referred to and Vice-Fresident, which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It provides that the two houses of Congress shall assemble in the hall of the House of Representatives Wednesday, the 13th of Feb-Representatives we denoting, the little representative we delick in the afternoon; that the President of the Senate shall be the presiding officer; that two persons shall be appointed tellers on the part of the Senate and two on the part of the House to make a list of votes and to report the result to the President of the Senate, when the senate of t who is to announce the state of the vote and the persons elected, and that shall be deemed the declaration of the persons elected President and Vice-Presi-dent of the United States, and shall be en-

tered on the Journals of the two houses.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the tariff bill, and Mr. Allison, on eration of the tariff bill, and Mr. Allison, on the rart of the Finance Committee, reported two new sections, which he proposed to offer as an amendment. They relate to the bounty on sugar, and provide that after 1900 there shall be paid to the producer of sugar (testing not less than 80 degrees by polar scope) from beets, sorchum, or sugar-cane grown within the United States a bounty of she cent per pound, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe. The bounty is to be paid annually from duties collected on imported

In the House the legislative bill was taken up and passed. It appropriates \$125,000 for the salaries of members and employes and expense of maintaining the Legislature.

Both branches adjourned at 1 o'clock to meet at English's Opera-House at 2 P. M. to participate in the inauguration of Hovey and Chase.

Planued a Raid on the Haffelds.

(Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

CHARLESTON, W. V. A., January 14.—W. B. Buskirk, a prominent merchant of Logan Courthouse, arrived in this city to-day. He reports that Dan. Cunningham, Dick Evans, and another party claiming to be a relative, whose name he does not know, have been in Logan county several days plavning a raid on the Haffields. They decided that they would shoot Cap, and Anse Haffield and French Ellis, after which they thought there would be no difficulty in capturing the rest of the party. It seems that they taked a little too freely, and a friend of the Haffields promptly reported their plot to the mountain outlaws, who on Saurday last went before a justice, swore out a posce warrant against Cunningham and his friends, and

the construction and equipment of steamers or other vessels."

Mr. Gray submitted some additional remarks in favor of the amendment.

After considerable discussion Mr. Gray's amendment was rejected—yeas 21, nays 26—the vote being on strict party lines. Mr. Frye had voted No, but afterwards withdrew his vote on account of a pair.

Mr. Allison, from the Finance Committee, reported amendments to paragraphs 144 and 145 as to taggers' iron or stee; which were ordered to be printed.

145 as to taggers' iron or stee, which were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Frye said that after the disposition evinced by the Schale on the vote just taken he would not offer the amendment which he had suggested, but he would offer the one proposed to him by the Iron Ship Compuny, of Bath, Me. It was to insert after the word "bolts" the words "forgings, rivets, and steel castings." The amendment was rejected—yeas 22, navs 22—the vote being again on strict party lines, Mesars. Frye and fishe had voted Aye, but subsequently withdrew their votes on account of pairs. Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list "bergamot of!" and to insert "brioks." Rejected—16 to 24. Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list "civit oils " and to insert "staves of wood of all kinds." Rejected—20 to 23.

20 to 23.

Mr. Allison moved to add to parsgraph 788 on the free list ("logs") the words "and round unmanufactured timber, not specially counterated or provided for." Agreed to without division.

Mr. Vest moved to strike "lavender oil" off the free list and insert "latba."

Mr. Aldrich suggested the absurdity of the amendment, as if it were adopted it would apply to "oil of latba."

Mr. Vest: That is not absurdity. The absurdity is the bill per sa.

Mr. Vance: It is not possible to increase the absurdicy of the bill that taxes the laths of a poor man's house and puts lavender oil on the free list to perfume him on Sundays. The oil applies to scent, but the amendment applies to the sense of the people who have a regard to the absurdities of taxsion.

Mr. Allison suggested to Mr. Vest not to consome time unnecessarily in offering amendments in detail, but to move to strike out all oils on the free list if there was any reason why they should be on the dutable list.

Mr. Vest said be was very much obliged for the advice, which reminded him of an oid Latin maxim time danus. He did not take any advice on the taruff bill from the gentleman whose position upon it he knew

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

Washington, January 14.—After quite a wrangle between the friends and opponents of the Okiahoma bill this morning the resolution reported from the Committee on Rules providing for repealing the 5-o'clock-adjournment rule was passed, and on Monday next Mr. Weaver will have an opportunity to call up his ret measure under suspension of cike any advice on the tariff bill from the gentieman whose position upon it he knew so well. He cared nothing about lavender oil or other perfumes, the bric-a-brac of fashion, but he did care something about the necessaries of life, and he wished to put these questions in an antithetical shape to the Senate and the country. The amendment was refected. call up his pet measure under suspension of the rules. It is evident, however, that Mr. An-derson, of Kansas, and Mr. Payson, of Illinois, will resort to filibustering tactics to prevent the bill from being taken up for con-sideration, and then there will be another

the Senate and the country. The ment was rejected.

Mr. Aldrieb, from the Finance Committee, offered several amendments, which were agreed to, among them being one to put a rate of thirty-five cents per pound on boot, shoe, and corset lacinus (paragraph 325), and to meresse the rate on all manufactures of cotton not specially enumerated from 35 to 40 per cent. all valorem (paragraph 326).

Mr. Vest moved to strike out the free list "oil of percell or orange flower." and to substitute "needles." Rejected—17 to 24.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list rules developed some interesting facts in the speakership contest. Mr. Reed and Mr. Cannon both made speeches in favor of the adoption of the resolution, while McKinley and Burrows fought against it. The two latter had the most followers on the Repub-lican side, which is taken to mean by their Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list friends that they are the most popular of the four out-and-out candidates.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list "otta of roses," and to substitute "sait."

Mr. Vance made an argument in favor of free sait. Could senators, he asked, as men of conscience, keep on the free list articles of luxury and sweet-scented things, nine tenths of which even intelligent people never heard of, and keep on the duttable list, at a rate of 80 per cent., such an article of every necessity as sait? What was otta of roses? The reply might be that of an old Democrat, who, when asked what a Federalist was, said: "A Federalist! Well, a Federalist is—is something agin' nature." [Laughter].

Mr. Mitchell asked Mr. Vance how much sait cost angualty to every man, woman, and child in the United States.

child in the United States.

Mr. Vance said that it had been figured out some time ago by a Republican senator at three cents, and that his reply then had been that if that sum was big enough to steal it was big enough to save,
Mr. Mitchell remarked that three cents
a head applied to the cost of salt including

duty.
Mr. Vance: Then why waste the time of the Senste and abuse the patience of the whole American people by insisting on a thing so little yet so enormous.

thing so little yet so enormous.

Mr. Mitchell: It is the Senator from North
Carolina who is wasting the time of the Senate about a matter that is so absolutely inof gambling. He was politely invited to leave the room, but refused and continued the wise man, is their poverty. I am ired, I am disheartened, I am discouraged the peculiar way in which legislation is onducted. The duty of Congress, and of it legislative authorities, should be to aid and the second of the crank. Most of the kicking was, however, done by the losers in the said the wise man, is their poverty. I am tired, I am disheartened, I am discouraged at the peculisr way in which legislation is conducted. The duty of Congress, and of all legislative authorities, should be to aid

Instead of doing that legislation here is di-rectly in the interest of the rich.

In the course of the discussion between Messrs. Vest and Aldrich, the former asked the latter whether he would vote to put salt

on the free list.

Mr. Aldrich: I certainly will not.

Mr. Vest: Exactly.
Mr. Plumb came into the discussion and witted Mr. Vance for his silence and nonaction in the matter of taxes on mica, su-mae, peanuts, rice, and other North Carolina products. The Senator, he said, had lifted up his voice early and often against a lifted up his voice early and often against a tax of Scents per hundred pounds on salt, but had made no move to relieve the people of the Landtag—Emperor tax therefore moved when Mr. Cowies introduced the bill to-day that it be referred to the Dispatch. troduced the bill to-day that it be referred to the Appropriations Committee, where there was, a chance of its being reported in time for action at this session. I learn from a member of the committee that it will be reported within a very short time, and the prospect of its pas-sage by both houses during this ses-sion of Congress is good. Judge Cuiberson, of Tax-said to the Dispatch correspondent for that. The Senator was pursuing a line and that was moonshine whiskey. The Senator was for free whiskey, but not for free rice, free mica, free peanuts, or free su-Mr. Vance replied to Mr. Plumb, and said

of Texas, said to the Dispatch correspondent to-night that had the bill come up for a final vote to day it would have been passed by at least fifty insjority, and that he believed the that he parily admitted the accusations. If he did not represent the interests of his con-stituents he would not be fit to occupy a seat Mr. Blair asked him whether he would vote that this bill will become a law before th

Mr. Vance: I will. "I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word."
Mr. Blair: How much will you vote to re-

electoral college met at the Capitol to-day and cast ten votes for Cleveland and Thur-man and elected E. C. Meredith as mes-Mr. Vance: I will vote to make it so fre that there shall be no duty on planks that shelter a poor man from a storm. After further discussion the bill was laid. senger to take the vote to Washingto aside without action on the pending amend-

ment.
Mr. Chandler introduced a bill reviving the grade of lieutenant-general of the army, and authorizing the President to appoint any major-general to the position. presidential electors met to-day and cast the votes of their States as follows: Massachu-The Senate, at 5:30, adjourned.

House of Representatives.

nai Mr. Randall, from the Committee of Rules, reported the resolution rescinding th ules requiring the daily adjournment at 5 Mr. Payson, of Illinois, moved to recommit the resolution with instructions to report

it back with an amendment making the de-pendent pension bill the continuing order for Mr. Randall raised the point of order that the motion was not in order in that the in-structions were not germane to the subject ton.

Jackson, Miss., January 14.—The presidential electors of the State met here to-day and cast the vote of the State for Cleveland and Thurman. W. A. Henry, editor of the Yazoo City Sentinel, was elected messenger

mitter of the resolution.

The Speaker sustained the point of order on the ground that it was not competent to amend a proposition to rescind the special rule so as to make a particular bill the spe-

cial order.

Mr. Parson then moved to recommit with instructions to the Committee on Rules to report it back with an amendment that the revision of the 5 o'clock rule shall not apply to the first and third (suspension) Mondays of

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

New OSLEASS, January 14.—A Picayune special from Vickaburg, Miss., says: Jefforson Davis arrived here last evening. Tonight a large number of citizens, mostly young men, headed by the Volunteer Southern Cornet Band, marched to the Potterfield mushlon, where Mr. Davis is a guest.

In response to the serenade President each month.

The motion to recommit was lost-56 to 75, Messrs. Reed and Cannon, members of the Committee on Rules, being the only Repub-

committee on Rules, being the only Republicans vetting against it.

The resolution receinding the 5 o'clock adjournment rule was agreed to—yeas 155, mays 85—and the House-proceeded to the consideration of routine business.

Under the call of States the following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Davidson, of Florida: For the appointment of a special sanitary inspector of the Marine-Hospital Service.

By Mr. Blount, of Georgia: To punish the buying and seiling of votes.

"Here as I stand before you my love for

buying and selling of votes.

By Mr. Bland, of Missouri: For the free coinage of silver.

By Mr. Bland, of Missouri: For the free coinage of silver.

By Mr. Cowies, of North Carolina: A bill containing the internal revenue features of the Mills bill, and moved its reference to the Committee on Appropriations. Agreed to—vers, 129; nava, 91.

yeas, 129; nays, 91.

Mr. Brower, of North Carolina, introduced a bill to repeat the tax on tobacco and moved its reference to the Committee on War Claims. Lost—yeas 102, nays 117—and the

bill was referred to the Ways and Means ommittee.
The House then proceeded to the conside. ration of business pertaining to the District of Columbia. No business of general impor-

DEATH ON THE RAIL. A Number Hilled-The Cause.

ce was transacted, and the House, at

By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
Physbergon, P.A., January 14.—A Chronicle-Telegraph special from Youngstown,
Ohlo, says: Passenger Train No. 8, bound
for New York, on the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroad, while running
fifty miles an hour this morning struck a
freight train, head on, near Taimadge, Ohio.
Both engineers, both firemen, and eight pas-

Both engineers, both firemen, and eight pas-sengers were killed and fourteen passengers andly injured. The freight train was at-tempting to make a siding and had sent out a slarman who failed to signal the passenger train. The wreck is more serious than the one at Rittman, when the Grand Army train was wrecked.

CLEVELAND, O., January 14.—The particulars of the accident on the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio road near Kent, O., as far as known at the general office in this city, are that the third section of Freight Train No. 81, west, broke in two between Kent and Talmadge. The front end of the train was put on a side track and a flagman was left at Talmadge to flag Passenger Train No. 8, east bound, then nearly due. The flagman imagined that he heard a whistled signal imagined that he heard a whistien signal from his engine to return to his train and did not perform the duty required of him. The engines came together with fatal results to eight persons and injuries to aix others. Those reported killed are Engineer Huntington, Firemen Walters, Brakeman Brashford, Express-Messencer Landy, Mary Lyon, a little six-year-old girl of Cherrytree, N. Y., and three Chinamen.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
CLEVELAND, January 14.—The King Varnish Company, one of the leading manufacturing concerns of Akron, 0, made an assignment to-day. Liabilities, \$100,000 to \$125,000; sseets, \$70,000.

Cramped financially has no speedy rellef, but cramped in the bowels have relief in the use of Dr. Biggers's Huckleberry Cordial, the great specific for all bowel troubles and children teething.

WEAVER'S CHANCE.

WILL BE ABLE TO CALL UP HIS PET BILL.

But a Dead-Lock Will Result-Mahone's Delegation Disgruntled-The

INTERESTING FACTS. The fight on the resolution to change th

MABONE'S BELEGATION.

from Indianapolis, to all outward appear-

Harrison and protest against the appointment of Mahone. It is known that John S.

A party of half a dozen southern congres

men, among whom numbered one or two Virginlans, were very much surprised a few

and commence a regular sermon upon the sin

THE TOBACCO-TAX.

The reference of Mr. Cowles's bill to re

peal the tax on manufactured tobacco to the Committee on Appropriations by a vote of 129 to 9 is perfect evidence of the fact that

the Democrats of the House of Representa-tives are tired of the leadership of Mr. Mills, of Texas, and his assistants on the Ways and Means Committee. Similar bills have repeatedly been introduced this session and have been referred to the Ways

and Means Committee, but on each occasion that committee has pigeon-boled them. Virginia and North Carolina

ajority of the Democratic party would vote or such a bill when the opportunity pre-ented itself. The chances are indeed good

Electoral Vote Cast.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 14.—The

ATLANTA, Ga., January 14.—The Demo-

Thurman, Washington, D. C., January 14 - The

to convey the vote to Washington.

Jefferson Davis in Vicksburg.

city with pride, and closed his short address as follows: "Here as I stand before you my love for

Delaware Politics.

past hour. The report is that six more bal-lots have been taken without a change, the vote still standing—Massey 6, Treat 5, Smith-

needs only one more vote to nominate him.

Printers Strike off.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

The Mahone delegation have returned

that his articles commenting on the applica-tions of the secret-service fund during the recent elections were base calumnies, and challenged him to justify them from the tribune of the chamber. Laur retorted that he would defer his accusations to a very composed member of the Chamber of Depu-ties and would send seconds to Floquet un-less he retracted his remarks. Floquet re-plied that he would neither retract what he had said nor receive Lauer's seconds, and re-peated his challenge to that gentleman to justify his statements. GARFIELD'S PHYSICIANS.

A Lively Incident in Which Drs. Bilss and Baxter Were Involved. A Washington special to the New York Tribune says: In reply to certain strictures contained in an affidavit of Dr. Reyburn, one of President Garfeld's physicians, filed by Dr. Bliss with the Senate Committee on Claims on

Bliss with the senate Committee on Claims on Wednesday in order to secure the payment of an unexpended balance of \$10,000 to himself, Dr. J. D. Baxter, Purveyor of the Army, makes public for the first time the following extraordinary affidavit:

"This will certify that on the morning of the 3d day of July, 1881, while I was in the ball in hearing of all conversation of ordinary tone, J. A. Baxter, M. D., entered the room of the presidential mansion adthe room of the presidential mansion ad-joining the one in which the wounded President was lying. The room was known during the President's illness as the physicians' room. About 10 o'clock Dr. Bax'er entered the physicians' room, in which were oniered the physicians' room, in which were Drs. Bliss and Reyburn and young Bliss. Dr. Baxter politely asked Dr. Bliss to take him (Baxter) into see the President.

"Dr. Bliss replied: 'I see no reason to take you in to see the President,' when Dr. Baxter remarked: 'I have been the President's family physician for years, and from this reason desire to see him.'

ance thoroughly disheartened, and some of them now have no hesitancy in stating that they have no great hopes of the little wizard getting into the Cabinet. Notwithstandthis reason desire to see him. "Dr. Bliss, in answer, said: 'I understand your game. You are trying (or sneaking) up here to get my patient from me.' getting into the Cabinet. Notwithstand-ing this fact, however, the anti-Mahone men want to make it certain that Mahone will not get the place of his choice, and therefore during the latter part of the present week a delegation beaded by Colonel John D. Brady, General Groner, and Colonel Houston will probably go out to see General Harrison and protest against the appointhere to get my patient from me,
"Dr. Baxter replied: "Why, Doctor, I did
not come here to take your patient away
from you. I wish nothing but what is right
and professional. If the President prefers
you to take charge of his case, I have nothing

to say.' "In answer to this Dr. Bliss said: "I Wise did that on yesterday, but they want to make sure of it that Mahone don't get in. supprised.

know your game. You cannot succeed here. I know your habit of sneaking around and prescribing for those who will lobby for

"Dr. Baxter replied: 'Dr. Bliss, if you "Dr. Baxter repiled: 'Dr. Bilss, if you mean this you undoubtedly lie.'

"Dr. Bilss asked: 'What did you say?'
Dr. Baxter repeated the same remark. Dr. Bilss arose, when young Bilss said: 'Pather, let me attend to this affair,' and rapidly approached Dr. Baxter. At this time a collision seemed unmoment, when Dr. Baxter took bis hat, and said: 'This is no place for took bis hat, and said: 'This is no place for evenings ago while enjoying a small game of poker to have one of Washington's reli-gious cranks walk into the room unhersided a scene as this,' and quietly left the

During this disturbance Dr. Baxter did not appear angre, nor was his manner in any way offensive. His request was made in the ordinary manner of making a request. His presence apparently gave offence to Dr. Bliss, who was much excited. In this statement I have endeavored to give nearly the words that passed between the gentlemen, but may not be exact, while the facts are corre [Signed] "L. R. BECKWITH, M. D. "Subscribed and sworn before me, the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881.
"George H. B. Whitz,

"Washington, D. C."

Notary Public

By Anglo-American cable by the Dispatch.1
Bearin, January 1s.—The Landing was opened to-day. The Emperor, in his speech opening the session, declared that all the foreign relations of the country were friendly. He said that during his recent visits to triendle aversients be gained conviction. friendly sovereigns be gained conviction that Germany might confidently cherish the hope of peace. The continued blessings of peace are shown in a gratifying manner by the improved situation of the artisans. The financial position of the country is satisfactory. An increase of 200,000,000 marks in tory. An increase of 20,000,000 marks in the sayings banks has proved that trade has improved. The satisfactory character of the finances has enabled the Government to further reduce taxation.

Among the measures announced by the Emperor to be introduced in the Landiag are

bills to further increase the emoluments of the clergy of all denominations, to improve the position of the teachers in the national elementary schools, and for regulating the schools and for regulating the stamp tax. Having regard for the admittedly satisfactory results of the developments of the railways. ignment of the extraordinary resources to further extend them will be asked for the relief of the sufferers by the floods in 1888. A measure will be introduced dealing with general administration of Posem.

"The Wiles of a Deceiver.

votes of their States as follows: Massachis-setts, Indiana, Pennsylvanis, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island, Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Michigan, Kansas, Colorado, Minnesota, Iowa, California, Illinois, Ne-braska and Wiseonsin for Harrison and Mor-(By Angle-American cable to the Dispatch.) London, January 14.—The St. James Ga-Zette in an article on the Sackville incident says: "Lord Sahsbury is undoubtedly right Char. Col. and Augusta in 7's.... on the question of principle. Lord Sackville spoke when he ought to have been silent, ton. Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland for Cleveland and and told the truth to the wrong person. This, however, does not excuse President Cleveland's treatment of Sackville, but it BATON ROUGE, LA., January 14.—The Louisuna Electoral College met to-day in the Governor's parlors. The electors cast their ballots for Cleveland and Thurman.

A. E. O'Sullivan, of La Fourche, was elected messenger to convey the vote to Washington.

Escorted to Jali with Music.

By Angio-American cable to the Dispatch.]
Dem.rs. January 14.—A dispatch from
Waterford says that fourteen persons who
were sentenced to a month's imprisonment
for participating in the Manchester demonstration there were taken to prison to-day.
They were escorted to juil by many policemen, a crowd with a band of music follow-ing them. The police charged the crowd, using their ciubs, and quite a confect en-sued. Several persons were badly injured.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.] LONDON, January 15.—The Chronicle as-seria that the Government will be informed of Heury M. Stanley's safety long before the expedition led by Thomas A. Stevens can reach the eastern coast of Africa, and that in the mean time recent letters from Stanley will be published in London. There are certain reasons, the Chronicle says, for keeping secret at present the where, abouts of the explorer. abouts of the explorer.

Anarchists' Manifesto.

Amarchists' Manifesto.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

PARIS, January 14.—The Anarchists of
this city have issued a manifesto to the electars of the Department of the Seine, in which
they appeal to the people not to vote for any
candidate. The manifesto says: "The Senate and the Chamber of Deputies are pewerless to emancipate. A revolution will alone
free them." (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
Doven, Den., January 14—Midmitht.—The
Repulsican caucus is still in session, and
from radications it has done nothing for the

Rebraska. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] Lincoln, Neb., January 14.—The Republicans and Democrats of the State Legislature met in caucus to-night to nominate a United States senator. The Republicant caucus unanimously nominated Senator Manderson, while the Democrats nominated McSuane, the present member of Congress from the First Nebraska district and candidate for Governor of Nebraska.

candidate for Governor of Nebraska.

vote still standing—Massey 6, Treat 5, Smithers 3, and Higgings 2.

In the Democratic caucus Speaker Lewis and Schators Collins and Ferguson made speeches urging the nomination of James L. Woleott, which suggestion the Sanisbury members received in allence. As the four-teen Democrats are possibly evenly divided between Wolcott and Saulsbury, Senator Dorman being the uncertain quantity, neither faction cared to venture a bailot. At 11:30 olclock the Democratic caucus adjourned tentatively to await the action of It is rumored that a riot has occurred at Pocahontas among the coal-miners. Lieutenant Miles, of the steamer Yantic, pourned tentatively to await the action of the Republicans.

Dovert Dell. January 15—1 A. M.—
Another ballot has just been taken, showing eight voice for Massey. The vote for the other caudidates was not announced. Massey was to the complete him. died in New York Jesterday of yellow-

fever. A bill has been introduced in the Nev York Legislature to repeal the State civil-service laws.

Mr. Powell, editor of the Midland Tri-bune of London, has been summoned under the crimes aet for intimidating tenants. Isham G. Harris was nominated by the Democratic legislative caucus at Nashville sesterday to succeed himself as United States senator.

parties of the Delaware Legislature were held last night for the purpose of nominating a United States senator. Governor Hovey, of Indiana, was inaugurated in the presence of both houses of the Legislature yesterday. General Harrison was among the speciators and divided the enthusiasm with Governor Hovey.

Caucuses of the members of both politica

Printers Strike off.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WILENSDARRE, P.A., January 14.—The strike organized here on Saturday last by Typographical Union, No. 187, collapsed this evening, when the printers employed on the Morning Record returned to work at the same pay they received last year. The strike was declared unconstitutional at a special meeting held by the union this afternoon. An afternoon paper, the Leader, which has employed union bands for some years past, has sent abroad for non-union printers. The Newsdeiler refuses to reemploy the strikers who left their office. The Record takes back all its old hands at last year's scale and will remain a union office as heretofore.

Non-tentland for the Senate. At a meeting of electors E. W. Pew was selected to convey the vote of North Carolina, J. H. McKinne the vote of Florida, and J. J. Lucas the vote of South Carolina to Washington to be counted for Cleveland and

Bostos, January 14.—At a caucus this afternoon of the Democratic members of the Legislature P. A. Colinas was nominated as a candidate for United States senator. The ballot was as follows: Whole number of votes 47. P. A. Colinas, 24; W. E. Russell, 22; blank, I. The nomination was made unanimous. The Republican caucus unanimously renominated George F. Hoar for the United States Senate. C. N. Cunningham, for two years agent at Etmira. N. Y., for the Mutnal Life Insurance Company of New York, left town Sunday, having with him New York drafts for \$22.898 obtained by forging a check of the insurance company. He obtained the amount in cash by a series of exchanges among the banks here and Binchamton. Last night be was arrested at Hoboken, N. L. and all the money was found.

By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

Paris, January 14.—Minister Floquet,
President of the Council of Ministers, met
M. Laur, a member of the Chamber of Deputies for the Department of Loire, in the
lobby of the chamber to-day and told him

OUR MARKET REPORTS

AND IN CONNECTION THEREWITH THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ord of the New York and Richmond Stock Exchanges-Grain, Flour, Cop-ton, Meat, and Other Quotations.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.) WASHINGTON, January 14.-For Vir-FAIR prints and North Carolina, stationary mperature, variable winds, generally

northerly; fair weather. THE WEATHER IN BICHMOND YESTERDAY WAS Range of Thermometer Yesterday

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, January 14.—The slock market was more active to-day than it has been for a long time. The tone was seediedly strong, but there was no marked improvement in quotations except in a few of the specialties. There was a much better feeling in the street this morning, and most of the alvocates of higher figures were very hopeful that the long-expected improvement would arrive this week. The foreigners had moderate buying orders in the market, and London was higher than our prices of Saturday. There were good buying orders in the market as the boom and presented a very animated appect; and this was true throughout the foreign-noon, after which time the demand slacked off, especially from foreign sources. The bears made a determined resistance to every & gained, and when the demand died away their operations gave the list a somewhat feverish and unsettled appearance. More confidence was shown later in the day, however, and the forward movement made further progress toward the close. Grangers and Southwesterns attracted the most attention, but business was very well distributed throughout the active list. There were many buil points upon Now Kasland affect and the stock was very prominent in the forenoon's rise, but made no further gain after that time. The market closed quiet but firm as but slight changes from the opening prices, the final changes being almost all in the direction of higher figures, although they are for fractional amounts only, except in Pullman, which rose tip, Omaha 15, and Consolidated Cas 15. Total sales, 27,000 shares.

Erenauge Total and Sub-Treasury bal-

Hydrogometric and the street of the street o e l'a settlement. ast Tennessee railroad

STATE SECURITIES.

CITY SHOUSITINA

Richmond city 4's (1921) ...

HAILHOAD STOOKS.

Columbiaand Greenville lat 6's... Georgia Pacific lat 6's......

City 25
First National 101
Merchants National Back 100
Merchants & Placters Sav. 25
National Bank of Virginia. 100
Petersburg Savines & Ins. Co. 29
Union Bank of Richmond. ... 59

chmond and Petersburg. BANK STOCKS.

Virginia consol coupons, fundable. Virginia consol coupons, non-fund-

1931 and later) ... 110

WILMINGTON, N. C., January II.—Turpentine firm at 40 to. Bosin firm; strained, 57 to; good strained, 90t. Tur firm at \$1.27 to. Crude turpentine firm; hard, \$1.35; yellow dip and virgin, \$2.50. oal and Iron. LOUISVILLE

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

MONDAY, January 14, 1892.

Sales—First Board.—1,000 Virginia new B's at 65%; 10 shares Merchants National Bank stock at 192%; 10 shares Merchants National Bank stock at 192%; 10 shares Merchants National Bank of Virginia stock 41, 192%; 10 shares National Bank of Virginia stock 50,784,793, April, 18,90; May 10, 10; June, 10,10; July, 10,85; August, 10,20; July, 10,20; 10 shares National Bank of Virginia stock 100%, 10 do, at 109%. SECOND BOARD, -1,000 Virginia new 3's at 65% LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET. Closing quotations at the state Heart. Government Sequesties. Hit. Virginia 8-4-510-40's.....

the Wheat dull and domand poor; holders offerely. Corn quiet: the demand has tallen on; 2. P. M. Sales of Americas, 10,100 bales, annar, 535-641, seller; Ianuary and February, February and March, March and April, 10-641, seller; April and May, 535-641, seller; April and May, 535-641, seller; July and August, 535-641, uyar; August and september, 535-644, bayer; tutres steady.

4. P. M. January, 535-644, seller; January and February, 535-644, buyer; February

gust and September, 5 31-541, buyer. Futures quiet but steady. NORFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

Whiskey can be had. I have it, and now control that brand, as I have done since W. D. Blair & Co. dissolved partnership. JULIEN BINFORD

I declare that Julien Binford's San-cured brand of Chewing Tobecco is the best I have seen for twenty five years. 1272 east Main is his place of business. Good Jepon.

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET. JANUARY 14, 1689. A well-known leaf dealer and commission mer everywhere else are very common. Good sales are reported in old at several points. Durham, N.C., has been buying. Her smoking-factories are laying in big lets of stock at present low

prices for good smokers.
We hear of several hundred hogsheads, of cutters being sold and shipped to New York from Danville, Va. This makes another big hole in these favorites for high prices.

Several Burley holders out West have wired here to withdrawold Burleys and to hold higher. The market in old is advancing, at the same The market in old is advancing, at the same time new is not likely to go higher-perhaps lower. The quality is not all it might be in the best grates, which are scarce. There were very good sales of old mehogony wrap-pers and other grades of old here to-day, and West Virginis brights sold well for the quality offered, but it looks as if the past few days have only shown a falling off in finer wrappers. Fayette county will now run the West Virginia breaks for a week or two, and then we may expect a little only of the finer sorts and much more of the lower grades, which are already being taken in and boxed away for

want of buyers.
Tuesday's loose break of dark will be largest of the season, and we do hope our buyers will turn out in force and force prices up some for the farmer.

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE RICHMONO, January 14, 1939. OFFERINGS.

Wheat. - 2.325 bushels. CORN. -1,474 bushels. OATS. -2,000 bushels. MILL-OFFAL. -45 tons.

SALES REFORTED TO SECRETARY.
WHEAT.—Longberry, 416 bushels prime
109; 36 bushels good at \$1.00. Mixed, 35
tels prime at \$1.09; 500 bushels good at \$1;
ushels fair at \$90. Total sales of wheat, 1 bushels.
Offerings to-day of wheat, 2,335 bushels; same day last year, 4) bushels. Sales to-day of wheat, 1,755 bushels; same day last year, 40 bushels. Offerings so far this season, 69,954 bushels: same time last season, 610,755 bushels. Extreme range of prices to-day, 95c. to \$1,00; same day last year, 55c.
CORN.—White, 1,474 bushels very good at 44c.

Market firm. QUOTATIONS.

RICHMOND CATTLE MARKET.

MARKETO BY TELEOBAPE

NEW YORK.

New York, January 14.—Cetton — Market theoly; cains, 897 bales; sales last week not become reported, 697 bales for consumption; uponte 91c.; Orleans, 100c.; net-recenter, ff. file.

CHICAGO. moso, January 14.—Cash quotations were ar weaker, with some cales lot, lower. No. i ing and No. 2 red wheat, "Migadity 2 corn, 33% a35%. No. 2 cats, 24%. Mose k, 513. Lard, 5.03% a57.05. Short-rins, 56.75 inders, 51, 20a5, 35% Short-clear, 57.20a7-25%

WHEAT. CORN.

OATS. February..... 27 % 7.22% 7.80 7.45 6.77% 6.95 6.90 REVIEW OF THE CHICAGO MARKET.

ERVIRW OF THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, JADUARY 14.—Wheat opened stronger and advanced \$c. above the close of Saturday. Heavy speculative offerings caused a deciline of \$\frac{2}{2}\chicknother of \$ ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, January 14.—Flour dull. Wheat closed Saite. below Saturday; No. 2 red, cash, 94c; May sold at 97; a88kpc; July at 88 (a87 kpc. Corn dull; No. 2 cash, 39; a89kpc; May 88 (a87 kpc. Corn dull; No. 2 cash, 39; a89kpc; May 88; a82kpc. Oats entirely neglected—no sales of No. 2 either for cash or futures. Whiskey steady at 81.03. Cotton-hagging easy at 1821kpc. Fron thea, \$1.03a[1.75. Prevail means small loose 1081—80.0104 reads of the \$1.75. Corns and ribs, \$1.75. Corns and ribs, \$1.75. Land, \$7. Considers, \$67. Sons and ribs, \$1.75. Land, \$9. Short-clear, \$7.85. Hams, \$10.25a \$10.35. CINCINNATL

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, January 14.—Fiour dull: family, \$4.25a\$4.40; famor, \$4.65a\$4.90. Wheat firm; No. 2, red, 980.a\$1.01. Corn ateady; No. 2, mixed, 55a,0. Oats weak; No. 2, mixed, 57a,25a. Forequired at \$18.50. Lard dull at \$7. Bulk-meats dull. Short-rips, \$7. Bacon steady; short-rips, \$7. common and light, \$1.25a\$5.20; packing and butchers, \$5.05a\$3.20. WILMINGTON.

CINCINNATE

Louisville, January 14.—Graft and provi-sions unchanged. NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL JABURY 11. - Nova. Cotton - Pres
supply offering. American middling, 54d.;
sales, 12,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,200
bales. Federos, 25,000 bales. American, 15,700
bales. Futures firm; Jaburary, 529-54d.; Jabury and Fabruary, February and March, March
and April, April and May, 528-64a5, 29-64d.; May
and June, 538-54d.; June and July, 531-64a
12-54d.; July and August, 538-54d.; August
and September, 538-54a5, 25-64d. Teadors, 200
bales on onew docwets and 100 bales on old dockcts. Wheat duil and domaid posity holders offer
treely. Computer: the demand bay talks off.

fileported for the Dispatch.]

JANUARY 14.—Market strong. Heavy sales of all
grades reported. Frime, 4%c.; stars prime,
4%c.; factory to commun. 2% alleg.; shelled,
1%alleg.; factory hand-picked, 5alleg. Enemies have said that no "B Select"

1202 cast Main street.

MURDEN-SELBE,—Married, December 18, 1888, at the residence of the bride's brother, Hickory Hill, Chesterfield county, Va., by dev. W. G. Lumpkin, Miss CLARA T. MURDEN and Mr. THOMAS J. SELBE; both of Chesterfield county.

FIGG.—Died, at a quarter after 1, Monday morning, Jaousry 14, 1899, Mr. BENJAMIN W. FIGG, in the sixty-second year of his sage, leaving a wife and free children.

His funeral will take place from his late residence, 800 north 1 wenty-fifty street, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend, Baltimore (Md.) and Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

TYLEE.—Died, at her residence, No. 5% north Fourth street, et ten minutes to 9 o'clock, January Edn, AMENTA TYLEE, whose of John P. Tyler, in the fifty-third year of her age.

Funeral at her late residence TO-DAY at 11 A. M. Friends of her brother, Heary Mander, and those of her sons-in-law, John T. Webber and C. Gray Boseteux, respectfully invited to at-tend. winter.—Died, January 14, 1889, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Thereas M. Hartken, Mrs. THERESA WINTER, in the seventy-first year of her age.

The funeral will take place at 8 o'clock This Evening from St. Mary's German Catholic church. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

MINIATURE ALMANAC, JANUARY 15, 1989.

Noon sets.... PORT OF RICHMOND, JANUARY 14, 1882. ARRIVED.

Steamer Old Dominion, Couch, New York, merchandise and passengers, George W. Allen & Co., agents.
Schooner Bessie Brown, Ricords, New York, Bish-scrap, Allison & Addison.
Schooner Taylor & Meathis, Brower, New York, Hight, to load coal.
Schooner John S. Beacham, Ginn, Rockland ein City Point, Hime, W. Moore.
Schooner J. L. Cox, Drudge, Mattaponi river, grain, Carter & Ryland. ARRIVED.

Steamer Ariel, Deye, Norfolk, merchandise and

CLUARED PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, JANUARY 14, 1986

Steamship Guyandotte, Kolley, New York, and sailed for New York, merchandkee, Steamship Berkshire, Providence, and sailed for West Point, merchandtse, Schooner Watker, Armington, Providence, to lead coal.